17MT34

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Control Systems

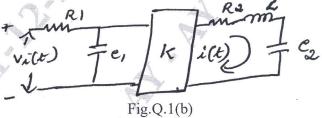
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define Control System. Distinguish between openloop and closed loop control systems with neat block diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. In the circuit shown below Fig.Q.1(b), K is the gain of an ideal amplifier. Determine the transfer function I(S)/Vi(S). (10 Marks)



OR

2 a. Draw the equivalent mechanical system of the given system in Fig.Q.2(a). Write the set of equilibrium equation for it and obtain electrical analogous circuit using, i) F-V analogy ii) F-I analogy. (10 Marks)

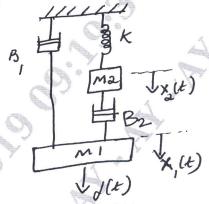
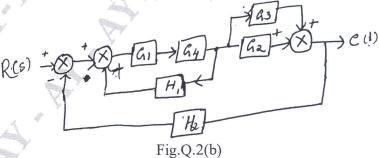


Fig.Q.2(a)

b. Determine the transfer function C(S)/R(S) of the system shown in the Fig.Q.2(b). (10 Marks)



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Module-2

3 a. Find the transfer function C(S)/R(S) for signal flow graph shown in Fig.Q.3(a) below.

(12 Marks)

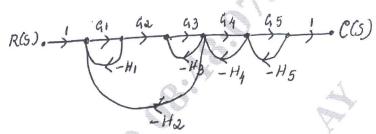


Fig.Q.3(a)

b. What are the standard test signals used in time domain analysis, represent them and also give their Laplace transform. (08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Define the following for second order system:
 - i) Delay Time
 - ii) Rise Time
 - iii) Peak Time
 - iv) Peak Overshoot
 - v) Settling Time.

(10 Marks)

b. A second order system is represented by the transfer function $\frac{Q(S)}{I(S)} = \frac{1}{Js^2 + fs + K}$, A step input of 10Nm is applied to the system and test results are i) Maximum overshoop = 6%,

ii) Time at peak overshoot = 1sec iii) The steady state value of the output is 0.5 radious. Determine the values of J, f and K. (10 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. Find the number of roots of this equation with positive real part, zero real part and negative real part:

 $s^6 + 4s^5 + 3s^4 - 16s^2 - 64s - 48 = 0$

(10 Marks)

b. A given system in Fig.Q.5(b) oscillates with frequency 2rad/sec. Find values of 'Kmar' and 'P'. No poles are in R.H.S. (10 Marks)

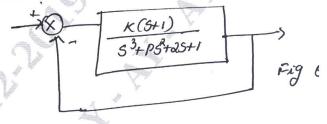


Fig.Q.5(b)

OR

- 6 a. Explain the terms: i) Asymptotes ii) Centroid iii) Break-way point. (09 Marks)
 - b. A feedback control system has an open loop transfer function

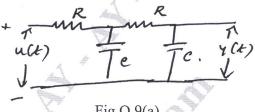
 $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s^2+2s+2)}$. Draw the root locus as K various from 0 to ∞ (11 Marks)

Module-4

- List the advantages and limitations of frequency domain approach. (08 Marks)
 - Construct the Bode plot for a unity feedback control system with $G(s) = \frac{10(s+10)}{s(s+2)(s+5)}$. Find W_{ge} and W_{pe}, GM and PM. (12 Marks)

- For a certain control system $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$ sketch the Nyquist plot and calculate the range of values of K for stability.
 - Consider Type 2 system with Transfer function $G(s)H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(1+Ts)}$ obtain its polar plot.

Obtain the appropriate state model for a system represented by an electric circuit shown in 9 Fig.Q.9(a). (10 Marks)



b. Find the transfer function for a system having state model as given below

$$\dot{\mathbf{X}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} & & \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$
 (10 Marks)

Obtain the state transition matrix $\phi(t)$ of the following system:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 Also obtain the inverse of the state transition matrix $\phi^{-1}(t)$.

(10 Marks)

b. For a certain system, when $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ then $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-3t} \\ -3e^{-3t} \end{bmatrix}$ while $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{t} \\ e^{t} \end{bmatrix}$$
. Determine the system matrix A. Also find state transition matrix. (10 Marks)